

Listening and Responding - Écouter et répondre					
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
		I can understand short passages made up of familiar language. (Passages contain areas listed below in vocabulary coverage) I can understand learnt instructions, messages and dialogues within short passages I can identify and note the main points of a dialogue. Short sections may be repeated if necessary	I can understand short passages made up of familiar language. (Passages contain areas listed below in vocabulary coverage) I can understand instructions, messages and dialogues within short passages and act on or respond to these appropriately. I can identify and note the main points and give a personal response on a passage. (May need short sections repeated.)	I can understand longer passages made up of familiar language in simple sentences. I can identify the main points and recall some details.	I can understand longer passages made up of familiar language in simple sentences. I can identify the main points and most of the details.
	·	Vocabulary Coverage - C	couverture du vocabulair	e	
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
		Numbers 0-10 Greetings, asking and saying name, age and how you are, yes and no Classroom instructions Colours: yellow, orange, pink, red, blue, white, black, green, grey, purple, brown Days of the week and months of the year	Numbers 0-50 Some parts of the body: head, nose, teeth, hair, eyes, mouth, ears, leg, foot, stomach, hand, arm, shoulder, knee Some members of the family: father, mother, brother, sister, grand-father, grand-mother Some pets: dog, cat,	Buildings on the high street. Names of shops: the market, a shop, a supermarket, the post office, a bank, a café, the town hall, a clothes shop, a baker's, a butcher's, a bank, the chemist, a school, the cinema Directions: asking where places are. North, south, east and west of England, left, right	Classroom routines: Answering the register Saying the date Describing the weather Asking for classroom objects Following instructions Further clothes vocabulary: tie, shirt, socks and shoes Names of places to visit using the masculine or feminine preposition for "to": hotel, flat, gite, a campsite.



	homotov volabit field average		Museum beech costly
<b>- w a a</b>	hamster, rabbit, fish, guinea	Saying where you live and	Museum, beach, castle, zoo,
Telling the time	pig, bird, chicken, kitten	where that is situated	public gardens, shopping
		geographically	centre, attraction park
Names of some fruit:	Introduction to Hobbies:		
oranges, pears, plums,	dancing, swimming, football,	Times of the day - morning,	Occupations: doctor, shop
strawberries, apples,	eating out, reading, watching	afternoon, evening	assistant, police officer,
bananas, tomatoes	the television, going to the	-	teacher, fireman, cook,
	park	Weather: it is nice, it is awful,	postman
Names of some food and		it is sunny, it is windy, it is	
drink: hot chocolate, crisps,	Clothes: trousers, shorts,	foggy, it is snowing, it is	Family members: cousin,
lollipops, sweets, pancake	skirt, hat, t-shirt, swimming	raining	uncle, neighbour, friend,
iompopo, owoolo, parioano	costume, jumper, gloves,	raining	grandparents
Verb – to be in the third	coat,	Seasons: spring, summer,	granoparento
singular person (he/ she is)		autumn, winter	Furniture: a chair, a lamp, a
Connective – and	Zee enimeles timer elembert	autumn, winter	
	Zoo animals: tiger, elephant,	Now food itemse butter	table, a settee, a television,
Auditory discrimination	bear, mouse, lion, giraffe,	New food items: butter,	a hi-fi system, a fridge, a
between un/une	monkey, crocodile, penguin	sugar, eggs, salt, a	microwave, a shower, carpet
		croissant, a petit pain with	
Identify some social	Two weather expressions: it	chocolate, a petit pain with	House, flat, balcony, garage,
conventions, customs and	is hot, it is cold, it is snowing	raisins, some bread and	living room, dining room,
traditions at home and in		butter, orange juice, bread,	bathroom, kitchen, garden,
other cultures.	Expressions: oh my	French stick,, rice, pasta,	fireplace, window, swimming
Know about some Christmas	goodness, I like that, How do	potatoes, ham, fish, cheese,	pool
traditions.	you sayin French?	water, yoghurt, chocolate,	
	, ,	ice cream, cake, biscuits,	Expressions: It is ugly! It is
	Verb- to have in the first	chips, salad, carrots, peas	rubbish! It is pretty! There is /
	person in the singular (I	and revision of previous	here is
	have, I do not have), to fall,	vocabulary from Y3	
	to pull		Phrases to use when playing
		Comparisons – more than	games in French: give me,
	Connective- also		
	Connective- also		your turn, my turn, please,
		Expressions: So, well, really	thank you
	Some adjectives – tall, short,		
	big, small, strong, quick,	Verb to be - it is, is there, to	Prepare presentation in
	pointed, long, fierce, funny,	shine	relation to holiday plans and
	kind		the area to be visited and
		Simple future tense – I am	perform to an audience.
	Possessive adjectives of my	going to followed by	
	masculine and feminine	imperative verb	



		Quantifier- enough, very, a little Opinion phrases: I love, I like, I do not like Understand that all nouns have a gender Know about pets that are popular in France. Know the names of some major airports and ports in France and understand different possibilities for travelling abroad. Compare traditional stories. Know about some Easter traditions	Connectives - and, also, but Adjectives: clean, polluted, dirty, quiet, lively Quantifier – more than Positioning of adjectives Extension - normally, generally There is / are + verb including negative Some prepositions of place: in, at the top, at the bottom, in the centre, in the corner Understand that there are stereotypical images associated with countries Investigate similarities and differences between French and English eating habits, French and English supermarkets	Some adjectives – nice, clever, amusing, sporty, good looking, superb, amazing, luxurious, huge, above, below The form of "you" tu and vous including question form Gender of colours Prepositions from Y5 and on, under, first, next, then, later, after that, finally Verb to go, to visit, to look at, to leave and to stay Names of letters of the alphabet Understand that French is spoken through many countries throughout the world Recognise that word order may vary between languages Be aware of cultural differences in housing at home and abroad
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Speaking – Parlante/Parlant					
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
		I can have a short conversation where I can say 2-3 things. I can use short phrases to give a personal response. I can substitute items of	I can have a short conversation where they are saying 2-3 things. I can use longer phrases to give a personal response. I can substitute items of	I can hold a simple conversation with at least 3- 4 exchanges. I can use my knowledge of grammar to adapt and substitute single words and phrases with support.	I can hold a more complex conversation with at least 3- 4 exchanges with confidence. I can use their knowledge of grammar to adapt and substitute single words and
		vocabulary to vary the questions or statements (with support).	vocabulary to vary the questions or statements independently		phrases.
		¥	ding - Lire et répondre		
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
		I can read and understand short texts using familiar language with vocabulary mats to support. I can identify and note the main points and give a personal response. I can read a passage of French when focused around subjects I have studied with support. I can use a bilingual dictionary or glossary to look up new words.	I can read and understand short texts using familiar language. I can identify and note the main points and give a personal response on vocabulary areas covered in Year 3 and 4 I can read a passage of French independently when focused around subjects I have studied independently. I can use a bilingual dictionary or glossary to look up new words.	I can understand a short story or factual text and note some of the main points with vocabulary mats to support I can use context to work out unfamiliar words.	I can understand a short story or factual text and note some of the main points without prompts or vocabulary mats. I can use context to work out unfamiliar words.



Writing - l'écriture					
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
		I can write 2-3 short sentences on a familiar topic with the support of a vocabulary mat I can write a short phrase from memory ensuring my spelling is understandable.	I can write 2-3 short sentences on a familiar topic independently. I can write a short phrase from memory and my spelling is mostly accurate.	I can write a paragraph of about 3-4 simple sentences. I can adapt and substitute words and set phrases. I can use a dictionary or glossary to check words Ihave learnt and substitute nouns to construct short sentences.	I can write a paragraph of about 3-4 simple sentences. I can adapt and substitute individual words and set phrases. I can use a dictionary or glossary to check words I have learnt and substitute nouns to construct short sentences.